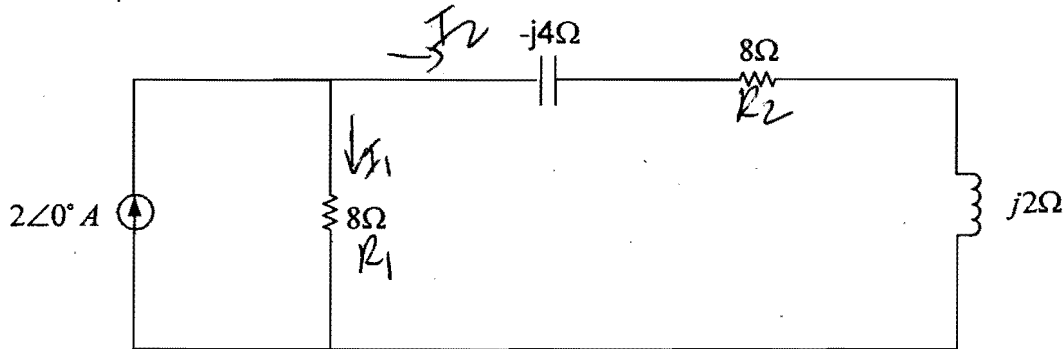


For the circuit below find:

- (a) The power absorbed by each element.  
(b) The power supplied by the current source.



$$(a) I_1 = \left( \frac{8 - j2}{16 - j2} \right) (2 \angle 0^\circ) = 1.023 \angle -6.91^\circ \text{ A}$$

From KCL

$$I_2 = 2 \angle 0^\circ - 1.023 \angle -6.91^\circ = 0.992 \angle 7.13^\circ \text{ mA}$$

$$P_{R1} = \frac{1}{2} I_m^2 R = \frac{1}{2} (1.023)^2 (8) = 4.19 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{R2} = \frac{1}{2} I_m^2 R = \frac{1}{2} (0.992)^2 (8) = 3.94 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{\text{cap}} = 0 \text{ W}, P_{\text{ind}} = 0 \text{ W}$$

(b) From conservation of energy

$$P_{\text{supplied}} = P_{R1} + P_{R2} = 4.19 + 3.94 = 8.1 \text{ W}$$

Since  $R_1 \parallel$  current source OR

$$V_s = I_1 R_1 = (1.023 \angle -6.91^\circ) (8) = 8.18 \angle -6.91^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{\text{supplied}} = \frac{1}{2} V_m I_m \cos(\theta_v - \theta_i) \text{ W}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (8.18)(2) \cos(-6.91^\circ - 0^\circ) = 8.1 \text{ W}$$

No aid given, received, or observed: \_\_\_\_\_

Alternate approaches to part (a) (LONG WAY!)

$$R_1: V_{R1} = I_1 R_1 = (1.023 \angle -6.91^\circ)(8) = 8.184 \angle -6.91^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{AVG R1} = \frac{1}{2} V_m I_m \cos(\theta_v - \theta_i) \text{ W}$$

$$P_{AVG R1} = \frac{1}{2} (8.184)(1.023) \cos(-6.91^\circ - (-6.91^\circ))$$

$$P_{AVG R1} = 4.19 \text{ W}$$

$$R_2: V_{R2} = I_2 R_2 = (0.992 \angle 7.13^\circ)(8) = 7.94 \angle 7.13^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{AVG R2} = \frac{1}{2} V_m I_m \cos(\theta_v - \theta_i) \text{ W}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (7.94)(0.992) \cos(7.13^\circ - 7.13^\circ)$$

$$= 3.94 \text{ W}$$

$$C: V_C = I_2 Z_C = (0.992 \angle 7.13^\circ)(4 \angle -90^\circ)$$
$$= 3.97 \angle -82.87^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{AVG C} = \frac{1}{2} V_m I_m \cos(\theta_v - \theta_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (3.97)(0.992) \cos(-82.87^\circ - 7.13^\circ)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (3.97)(0.992) \cos(-90^\circ) = 0$$

$$= 0 \text{ W}$$

$$L: V_L = I_2 Z_L = (0.992 \angle 7.13^\circ)(2 \angle 90^\circ)$$
$$= 1.984 \angle 97.13^\circ \text{ V}$$

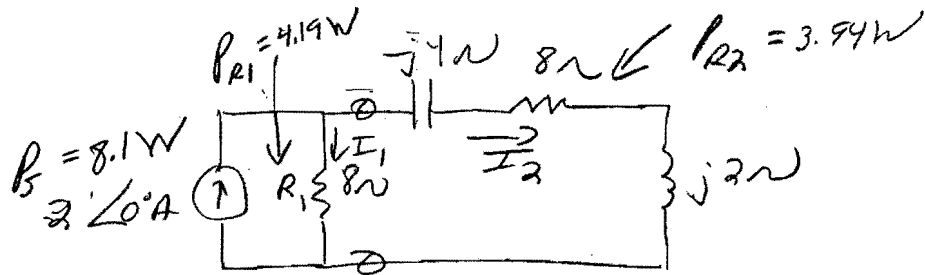
$$P_{AVG L} = \frac{1}{2} V_m I_m \cos(\theta_v - \theta_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1.984)(0.992) \cos(97.13^\circ - 7.13^\circ)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1.984)(0.992) \cos(90^\circ) = 0$$

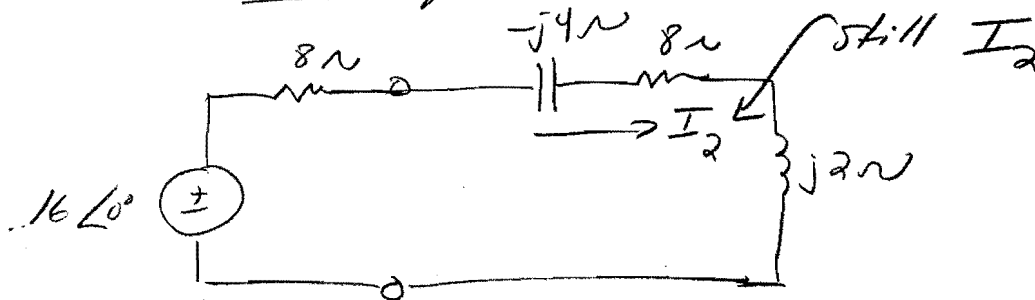
$$= 0 \text{ W}$$

Why source transformation will give incorrect power values for the current source and  $R_1$ .



$I_1$  and  $I_2$  are different!

When we do a source transformation, the source looks the same from the loads point of view



The internal details of the source can change, so these values cannot be used to find  $P_{source}$  &  $P_{R1}$

$$\text{Here } P_s = \frac{1}{2}(16)(0.992) \cos(0 - 7.13^\circ) = 7.87W \neq 8.1W$$

Here  $P_{R2} = 3.94W$  true for  $R_2$   
but NOT  $R_1$