

PS # 18 Solutions

$$\underline{14.16} \quad H(s) = \frac{10}{s(s^2+s+16)} = \frac{10/16}{s\left(\frac{s^2}{4} + \frac{s}{16} + 1\right)} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \text{no zeros} \\ \leftarrow \text{origin pole} \\ \leftarrow + 2 \text{ complex poles} \end{array} \right.$$

matching the quadratic with $\frac{s^2}{\omega_0^2} + \frac{2\zeta}{\omega_0}s + 1$

gives $\omega_0 = 4 \quad \frac{2\zeta}{4} = \frac{1}{16} \rightarrow \zeta = \frac{1}{8}$

Corner Freq: 4

Phase Breaks: 0.4 and 40

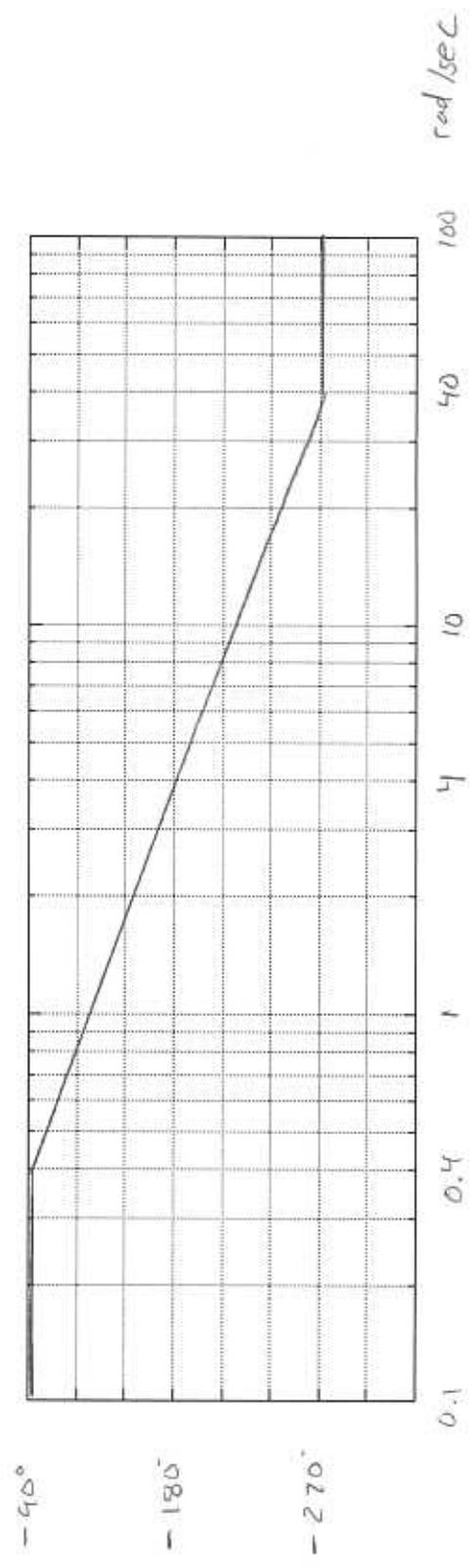
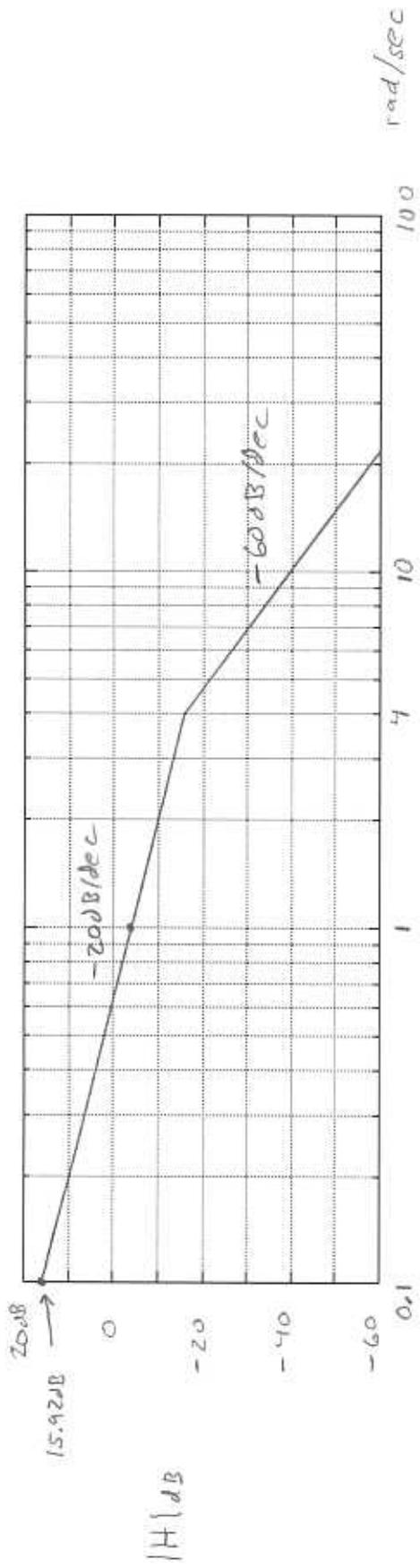
Initial Magnitude: $20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{10}{16}\right) - 20 \log_{10} \omega$

\rightarrow choose $\omega_{low} = 0.1$ so $20 \log \left(\frac{10}{16}\right) - 20 \log(.1)$
 $= 15.92 \text{ dB}$

Initial Phase: $90^\circ (0-1) = -90^\circ$

Final Phase: $90^\circ (0-3) = -270^\circ$

<u>Magnitude</u>			<u>Phase</u>		
<u>ω</u>	<u>Δslope</u>	<u>net slope</u>	<u>ω</u>	<u>Δslope</u>	<u>net slope</u>
low	-	-20 dB/dec	low	-	0°/dec
4	-40 dB/dec	-60 dB/dec	0.4	+p -90°/dec	-90°/dec
			40	-p +90°/dec	0°/dec



Chapter 14, Solution 22.

$$20 = 20 \log_{10} k \longrightarrow k = 10$$

$$\text{A zero of slope } +20 \text{ dB/dec at } \omega = 2 \longrightarrow 1 + j\omega/2$$

$$\text{A pole of slope } -20 \text{ dB/dec at } \omega = 20 \longrightarrow \frac{1}{1 + j\omega/20}$$

$$\text{A pole of slope } -20 \text{ dB/dec at } \omega = 100 \longrightarrow \frac{1}{1 + j\omega/100}$$

Hence,

$$H(\omega) = \frac{10(1 + j\omega/2)}{(1 + j\omega/20)(1 + j\omega/100)}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{10^4 (2 + j\omega)}{(20 + j\omega)(100 + j\omega)}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{10^4 (s + 2)}{(s + 20)(s + 100)}$$

Chapter 14, Solution 24.

Curve is misdrawn, it should start at 40dB and come down to 20dB (not 0dB as shown)

$$40 = 20 \log_{10} K \longrightarrow K = 100$$

There is a pole at $\omega=50$ giving $1/(1+j\omega/50)$

There is a zero at $\omega=500$ giving $(1 + j\omega/500)$.

There is another pole at $\omega=2122$ giving $1/(1 + j\omega/2122)$.

Thus,

$$H(\omega) = \frac{100(1 + j\omega/500)}{(1 + j\omega/50)(1 + j\omega/2122)} = \frac{100 \times \frac{1}{500} (s + 500)}{\frac{1}{50} \times \frac{1}{2122} (s + 50)(s + 2122)}$$

or

$$H(s) = \frac{21,220(s + 500)}{(s + 50)(s + 2122)}$$