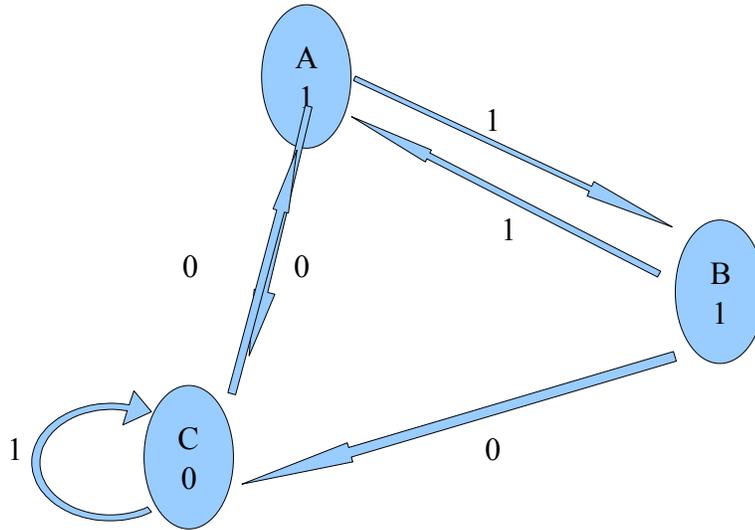


# Homework 23 Solutions

## Chapter 7, 2a (i)

Though not required to complete this problem, below is the state diagram



### State Equations and Output Equation

$$D_A = Q_C X' + Q_B X$$

$$D_B = Q_A X$$

$$D_C = Q_A X' + Q_B X' + Q_C X$$

$$Z = Q_A + Q_B$$

## Homework 23 Solutions

12. The state table for this counter follows

q	q *	
	x = 0	x = 1
0	1	3
1	2	3
2	3	3
3	4	4
4	0	5
5	3	6
6	3	7
7	3	2

This produces the following maps

x A		00	01	11	10
BC	/				
00				1	
01				1	
11		1			1
10				1	

A\*

x A		00	01	11	10
BC	/				
00					1
01		1	1	1	1
11			1	1	
10		1	1	1	1

B\*

x A		00	01	11	10
BC	/				
00		1		1	1
01			1		1
11			1		
10		1	1	1	1

C\*

a. i. For the D flip flop, we have

$$D_A = A' B C + x A B' + \underline{x A C'}$$

$$D_B = B' C + B C' + \underline{x A' B'} + \{A B \text{ or } A C\}$$

$$D_C = x' A C + \underline{x A' B'} + \underline{x A C'} + B C' + A' C'$$

## Homework 23 Solutions

d. All of the outputs come from flip flops. We can compute the inputs for a D flip flop for Q using

$$D = Q^* = JQ' + KQ$$

and then simplifying the algebra. The result is

$$D = A Q + B' Q + C' Q + x A' B' + x' A B + x' A C$$

we already found the D inputs for the other flip flops in part a.

