

Ch 10 (3, 5, 15, 43, 47)

10.3GIVEN: a 50 nF capacitor is charged to  $10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C}$ REQD: POTENTIAL DIFFERENCESOLN:

$$V = \frac{Q}{C} = \frac{10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C}}{50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}} = \boxed{200 \text{ V} = V}$$

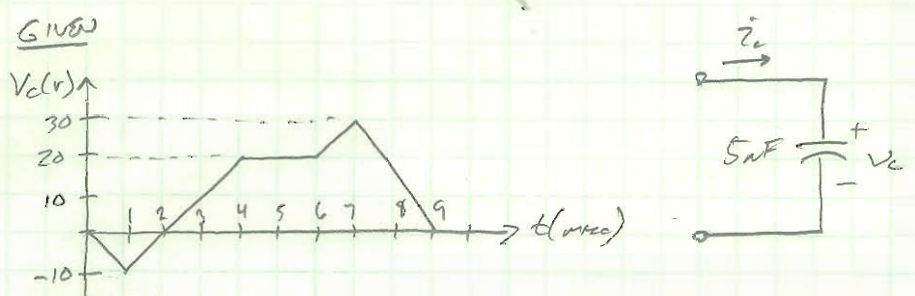
10.5GIVEN: 5 nF capacitor @ 150V. charge is reduced until 84V.REQD: FINAL CHARGE ON CAPACITORSOLN:

$$Q = VC = 84 \text{ V} (5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}) = \boxed{420 \text{ nC} = Q}$$

10.15GIVEN: AN AIR-DIELECTRIC CAP w/  $d = 1.5 \text{ mm}$ REQD: MAX VOLTAGE BEFORE BREAKDOWNSOLN:dielectric strength of air  $k = 3 \text{ kV/mm}$ 

$$B.V. = kd = \left( \frac{3 \text{ kV}}{\text{mm}} \right) 1.5 \text{ mm} = \boxed{4500 \text{ V} = V_{br}}$$

10.43



REQD  $i_c$  GRAPH

SOLN  $i_c = C \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t}$

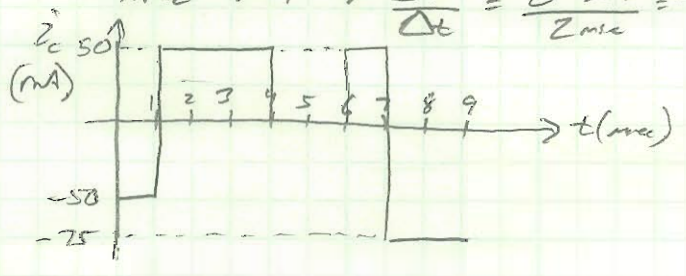
TIME 0  $\rightarrow$  1  $\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = \frac{-10 - 0V}{1 \text{ msec}} = -10 \text{ kV/sec} \rightarrow i_c = 5 \mu\text{F} (-10 \frac{\text{kV}}{\text{sec}}) = -50 \text{ mA}$

TIME 1  $\rightarrow$  4  $\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = \frac{20 - (-10)}{3 \text{ msec}} = +10 \text{ kV/sec} \rightarrow i_c = 5 \mu\text{F} (+10 \frac{\text{kV}}{\text{sec}}) = +50 \text{ mA}$

TIME 4-6  $\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = 0 \rightarrow i_c = 0$

TIME 6-7  $\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = \frac{30 - 20V}{1 \text{ msec}} = +10 \text{ kV/sec} \rightarrow i_c = 5 \mu\text{F} (+10 \frac{\text{kV}}{\text{sec}}) = +50 \text{ mA}$

TIME 7-9  $\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = \frac{0 - 30V}{2 \text{ msec}} = -15 \text{ kV/sec} \rightarrow i_c = 5 \mu\text{F} (-15 \frac{\text{kV}}{\text{sec}}) = -75 \text{ mA}$



10.47

REQD: ENERGY STORED IN CAPACITOR OF 10.43

SOLN @ 1 msec  $\rightarrow W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (5 \mu\text{F}) (-10V)^2 = 250 \mu\text{J}$

@ 4 msec  $\rightarrow W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (5 \mu\text{F}) (20V)^2 = 1000 \mu\text{J}$

@ 5 msec  $\rightarrow W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (5 \mu\text{F}) (20V)^2 = 1000 \mu\text{J}$

@ 7 msec  $\rightarrow W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (5 \mu\text{F}) (30V)^2 = 2250 \mu\text{J}$

@ 9 msec  $\rightarrow W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (5 \mu\text{F}) (0V)^2 = 0 \mu\text{J}$