

① Text, 2-56h, i

$$(h) \quad g(t) = 12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t} \quad g(-t) = 12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi(-t)}{4\pi(-t)}$$

$$= 12 + \frac{-\sin 4\pi t}{-4\pi t}$$

$$g_e(t) = \frac{g(t) + g(-t)}{2} = 12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t}$$

$$= 12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t} + 12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t}$$

$$= \frac{24 + \frac{2\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t}}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{12 + \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t}}$$

$$g_o(t) = g(t) - g_e(t) = \boxed{0}$$

$$(i) \quad g(t) = (8+7t) \cos 32\pi t \quad g(-t) = (8-7t) \cos 32\pi(-t)$$

$$= (8-7t) \cos 32\pi t$$

$$g_e(t) = \frac{g(t) + g(-t)}{2} = \frac{(8+7t) \cos 32\pi t + (8-7t) \cos 32\pi t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{16 \cos 32\pi t}{2} = \boxed{8 \cos 32\pi t}$$

$$g_o(t) = \frac{g(t) - g(-t)}{2} = \frac{(8+7t) \cos 32\pi t - (8-7t) \cos 32\pi t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{14t \cos 32\pi t}{2} = \boxed{7t \cos 32\pi t}$$

② 2-59 d, e

(d)  $g(t) = 28 \sin(2\pi 200t) + 12 \cos(2\pi 250t)$

$$f_1 = 200 \text{ Hz}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{200} \text{ sec}$$

$$f_2 = 250 \text{ Hz}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{250} \text{ sec}$$

$$T_0 = \text{LCM} \left( \frac{1}{200}, \frac{1}{250} \right) = \text{LCM} \left( \frac{1000}{200}, \frac{1000}{250} \right) = \frac{\text{LCM}(5, 4)}{1000}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{20}{1000} = \frac{1}{50} \text{ sec}$$

Fundamental period =  $\boxed{\frac{1}{50} \text{ sec}}$  fundamental

(e)  $g(t) = 10 \sin(5t) - 4 \cos(7t)$

$$= 10 \sin 2\pi \left( \frac{5}{2\pi} \right) t - 4 \cos 2\pi \left( \frac{7}{2\pi} \right) t$$

$$f_1 = \frac{5}{2\pi} \text{ Hz}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{5} \text{ sec}$$

$$f_2 = \frac{7}{2\pi} \text{ Hz}$$

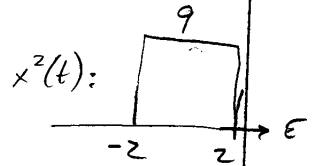
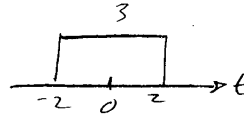
$$T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{7} \text{ sec}$$

$$T_0 = \text{LCM} \left( \frac{2\pi}{5}, \frac{2\pi}{7} \right) = \text{LCM} \left( \frac{35}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{5}, \frac{35}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{7} \right) = \frac{\text{LCM}(7, 5)}{\left( \frac{35}{2\pi} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{35}{\left( \frac{35}{2\pi} \right)} = \boxed{2\pi} \text{ periodic}$$

③ Text, 2-60, f

$$(c) x(t) = 3 \text{rect}(t/4)$$

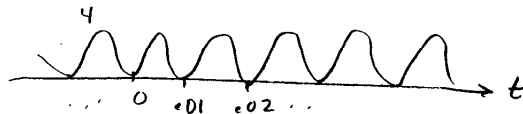
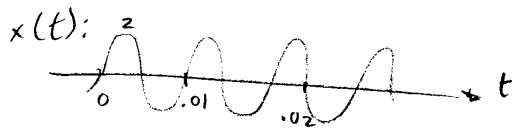


$$E = \text{area of } x^2(t) = 9 \cdot 4 = \boxed{36}$$

Finite  $E$ , energy signal

$$(f) x(t) = 2 \sin(2\pi 100t)$$

$$x^2(t) = 4 \sin^2(2\pi 100t)$$



$$\boxed{E = \infty}$$

power signal