

(5 pts) Exercise B-11

- Show the sum of products for the following truth table.

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

(5 pts) Exercise B-12

- Simplify the following equations (use Boolean laws discussed earlier)

$$B(A+0) =$$

$$B(A\bar{A}) =$$

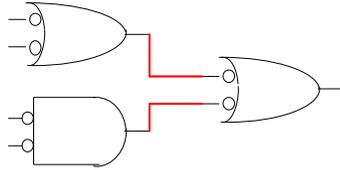
$$(A+\bar{B})(\bar{A}+B) =$$

$$\overline{(A+B)} \bullet (A+B+C) =$$

Is $\overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}}$ the same as \overline{AB} ?

(5 pts) Exercise B-13

- Use bubble pushing to simplify this circuit



(10 pts) Exercise B-14

- A) Show the sum of products for the following truth table.

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

- B) Simplify this equation

(5 pts) Exercise B-21

- 1. Fill in the following K-Map based on the truth table at right
- 2. Minimize the function using the K-map

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

(5 pts) Exercise B-22

- Draw the two-level circuit for the function from Exercise B-21

(5 pts) Exercise B-23

- Suppose we already have this k-Map. Minimize the function.

	\overline{CD}	\overline{CD}	CD	CD
$\overline{A}\overline{B}$	1	0	0	1
$\overline{A}B$	1	1	1	1
AB	1	1	0	0
$A\overline{B}$	0	0	0	1

(3 pts) Exercise B-24

- Consider your answer to Exercise B-23. Using a K-map, you found some particular two-level, minimal circuit. However, is it unique? (e.g. is there only one possible two-level circuit for that k-Map that is minimal?) Will this always be the case, or could a different K-map change your answer?

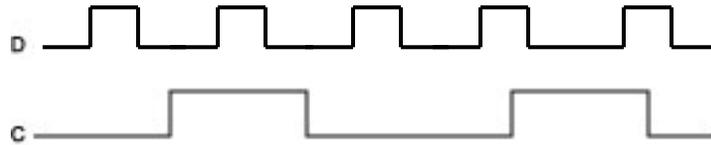
(5 pts) Exercise B-31

- A. A 8-way mux has _____ “inputs”, _____ selector bit(s), and _____ output(s)

(5 pts) Exercise B-32

- Draw an 8-input mux with inputs: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and output: OUT (Remember to draw the selector bits)
(you don't need to draw the internals, just the external view)

(5 pts) Exercise B-41 – Complete the timing diagram below



Q-FlipFlop
(falling edge
triggered)

Q-FlipFlop
(rising edge
triggered)

(5 pts) Exercise B-51

- Draw a state diagram for the following next state function:
- How would you describe what input 'A' is accomplishing?

A	Q_t	Q_{t+1}
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

(10 pts) Exercise B-52

- John and Mary agree to play rock-paper-scissors to decide who has to pay for dinner. The overall winner will be whoever wins two rounds in a row.
- Assume you have 6 inputs:
 - JR, JP, JS (only one true depending on if John plays rock, paper, or scissors)
 - MR, MP, MS
- At each round,
 1. If John and Mary play the same (both scissors, etc.), then the game returns to the initial state.
 2. If either John or Mary has just won twice in a row, the next state should be a “Game over” state.
 3. Otherwise, the next state should reflect who won the most recent round

Your task:

1. How many different states do you need?
2. Draw the next state diagram for this game

Of course:

Rock beats scissors
Paper beats rock
Scissors beats paper

(10 pts) Exercise B-53

- How could you make the rock/papers/scissors machine function on just 4 inputs? Draw the next state table for this version of the game. Do you have any don't cares?