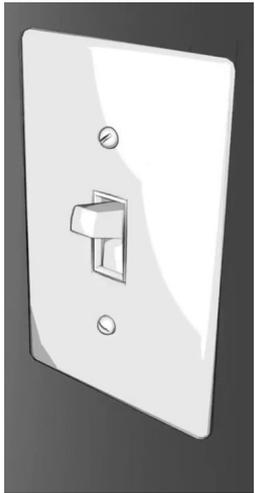


Rotating ~~Flipping~~ the Classroom



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Postulates

- Active learning is more effective than passive learning.
- Instructor access is a scarce and valuable resource.

Assumption

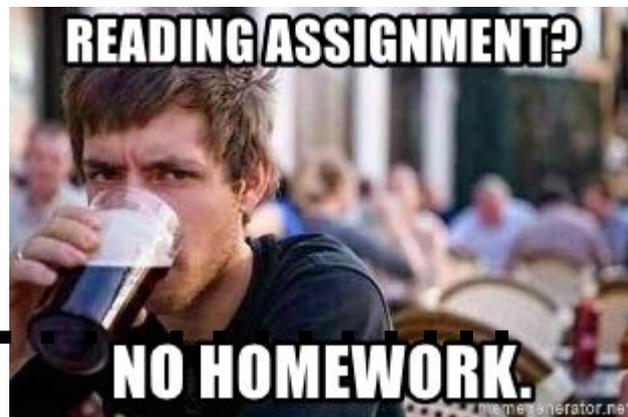
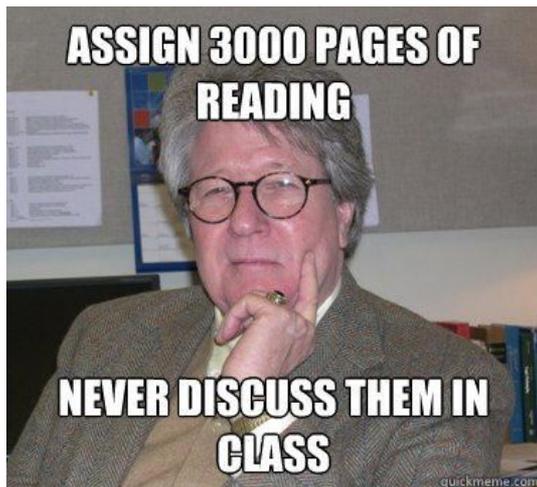
- This discussion is limited to methodologies where students are introduced to concepts and then are asked to apply those concepts to new and different problems.

How the Traditional Classroom is Suppose to Function

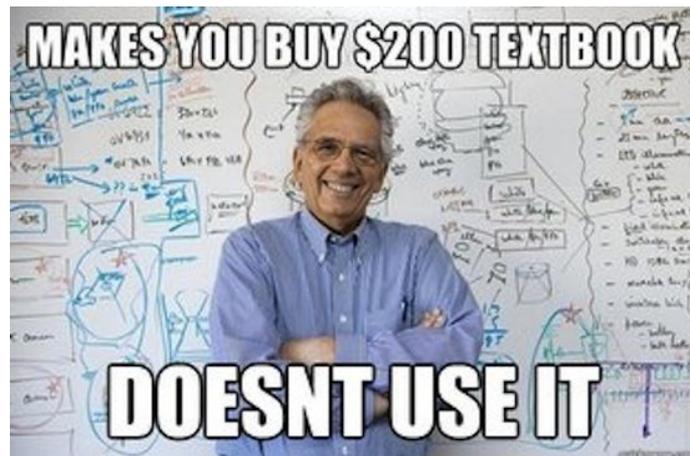
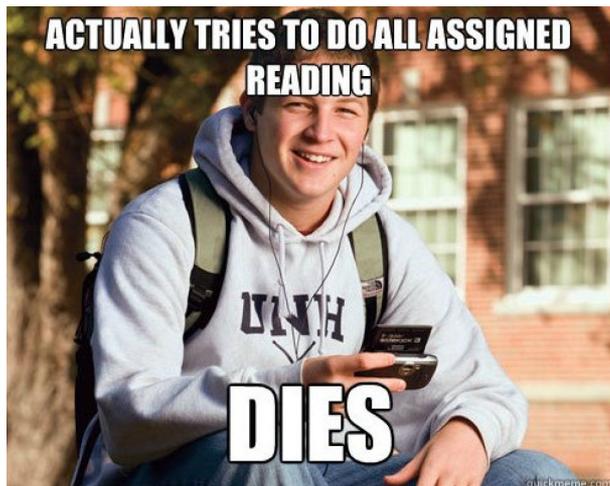
Before Meeting X		During Meeting X		After Meeting X	
Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Reading for meeting X	Introduction to concepts via lecture and instructor lead examples	Example problems solved by groups or individuals	Problem set on topics from meeting X	Reading for meeting X+1

 =Active Non-Bold=Conceptual Introduction

 =Passive **Bold=Application**



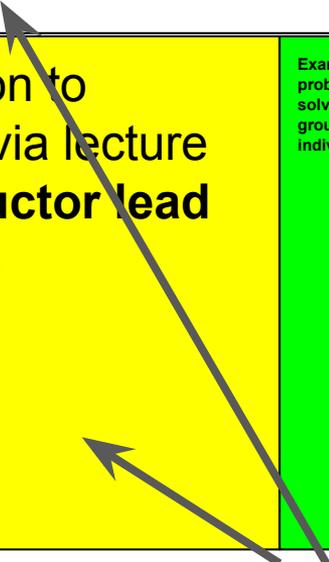
BUT...



How the Traditional Classroom Often Functions

Before Meeting X	During Meeting X	After Meeting X
Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Introduction to concepts via lecture and instructor lead examples	Problem set on topics from meeting X

Example problems solved by groups or individuals



 =Active

Non-Bold=Conceptual Introduction

 =Passive

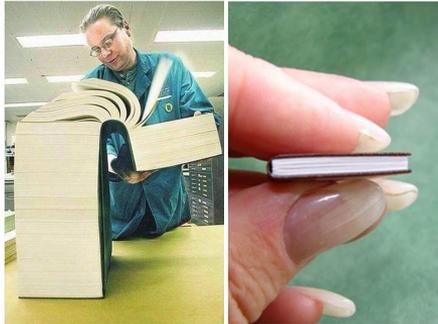
Bold=Application

Why spend our precious time with students on relatively less effective passive learning?

Valid Historical Reasons for the Lecture Model



MY TEXTBOOK



VS BRAIN CAPACITY



How the Flipped Classroom is Suppose to Function

Before Meeting X		During Meeting X	After Meeting X	
Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Pre-Work for meeting X	Application based active learning activities	Problem set on topics from meeting X	Pre-Work for meeting X

 =Active Non-Bold=Conceptual Introduction

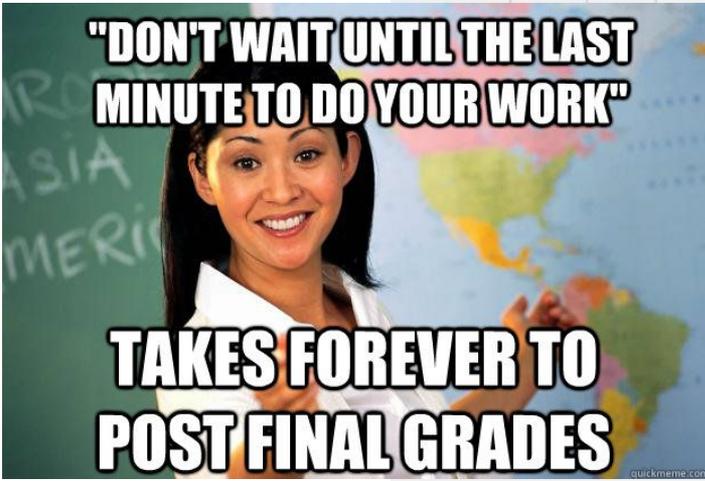
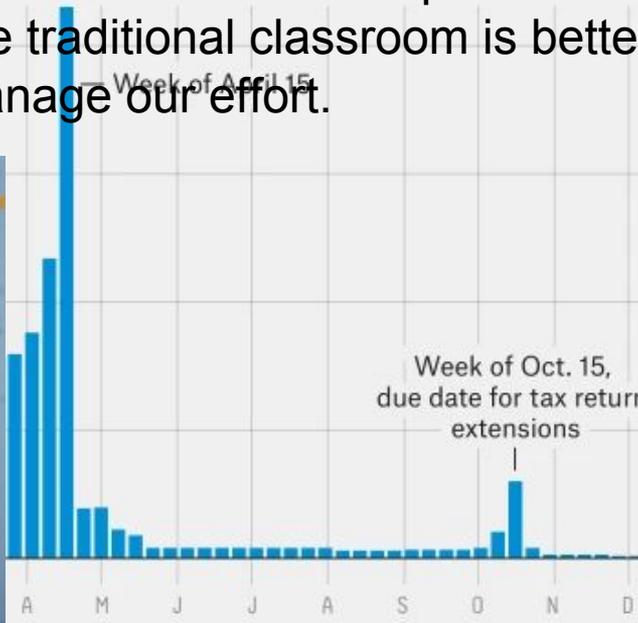
 =Passive **Bold=Application**

So then I

A nation of procrastinators

Income tax filings by week, 2015

-Unfortunately pre-work is harder to assess than problem sets and humans don't always behave rationally. The traditional classroom is better than the traditional way of doing things, but it's still an irrational way in which we manage our effort.



The data from the last week in January includes all January filings through Jan. 30. Data at May 15 is averaged monthly data, except for weeks in October.

How the Flipped Classroom Often Functions

Before Meeting X		During Meeting X	After Meeting X	
Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Pre-Work for meeting X ✗ YOLO!!	Application-based active learning activities <i>I can never understand these activities-this instructor is no good.</i>	Problem set on topics from meeting X	Pre-Work for meeting X ✗ YOLO!!

=Active Non-Bold=Conceptual Introduction

=Passive **Bold=Application**

OK, but if I can properly incentivize the pre-work, then I should flip, right?

At least some rotation is probably worth trying. You might not want to full flip until you feel confident about:

- Logistics

- Familiarity with common student errors

A Summary

 =Active
 =Passive

Non-Bold=Conceptual Introduction
Bold=Application

	Before Meeting X		During Meeting X		After Meeting X	
Traditional	Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Reading for meeting X	Introduction to concepts via lecture and instructor lead examples	Example problems solved by groups or individuals	Problem set on topics from meeting X	Reading for meeting X+1
Flipped	Problem set on topics from meeting X-1	Pre-Work for meeting X		Application based active learning activities	Problem set on topics from meeting	Pre-Work for meeting X
POGIL?	Problem set on topics from meeting X-1		Reading for meeting X	POGIL	Example problems solved by groups	Problem set on topics from meeting X
						Reading for meeting X+1

Challenges of the Flipped Classroom

- Effective incentives for pre-work
- Start-up costs
- Lecture is now 100% passive
- Logistical/technical barriers
- Different types of learners will succeed

Benefits of the Flipped Classroom

- Instructor can level load with student need
- Students aren't on their own when they get stuck==>improved efficiency and less frustration
- Opportunities for student group work and all the benefits that come from peer learning and teaching.
- Opportunities for learning problem solving strategies and techniques from peers and a subject matter expert
- Students learn how to learn
- More time for in-class demos
- Opportunities to provide strong students with more material than they would otherwise be exposed to
- Less extra instruction
- More seamless for students that miss class to catch up (eye surgeries!!!)
- Opportunities to force the students into the textbook
- Persistent record of lectures that can be reviewed by students 2nd, 3rd, 4th times.
- Less prep time than traditional after you have taught the course once.
- Better ROI than traditional when you teach multiple sections.
- Different types of learners will succeed

My version of the flipped classroom

- Implemented with a “Sequence” created in google sheets.
- Asynchronous: pre-work is recommended, but not required.
- Primarily group and individual work on “HW problems” in class. I am INTRUSIVE while in-class work is in progress.
- Quiz ~weekly so that students can’t fall too far behind without drawing attention.



Recommendations if you Rotate

- Never “make-up” for missed pre-work during your meeting time.
- Make your own videos (iPhone is all you really need)
- Keep concept videos short (5 minute or less ideal). Example problems or solutions to problems may be longer obviously.
- Be aware that students will watch videos on 2x speed.
- Add optional videos
- Ice breaker challenges to get group work going

Final thoughts

- Flipped classroom is not a magic bullet.

- Bad teaching is bad teaching regardless of the paradigm. The flipped classroom can't overcome failures in communication, unrealistic scope, bad assumptions about prerequisite knowledge, etc

- Don't be afraid to experiment with using technology to communicate with your students.